## MARKETING

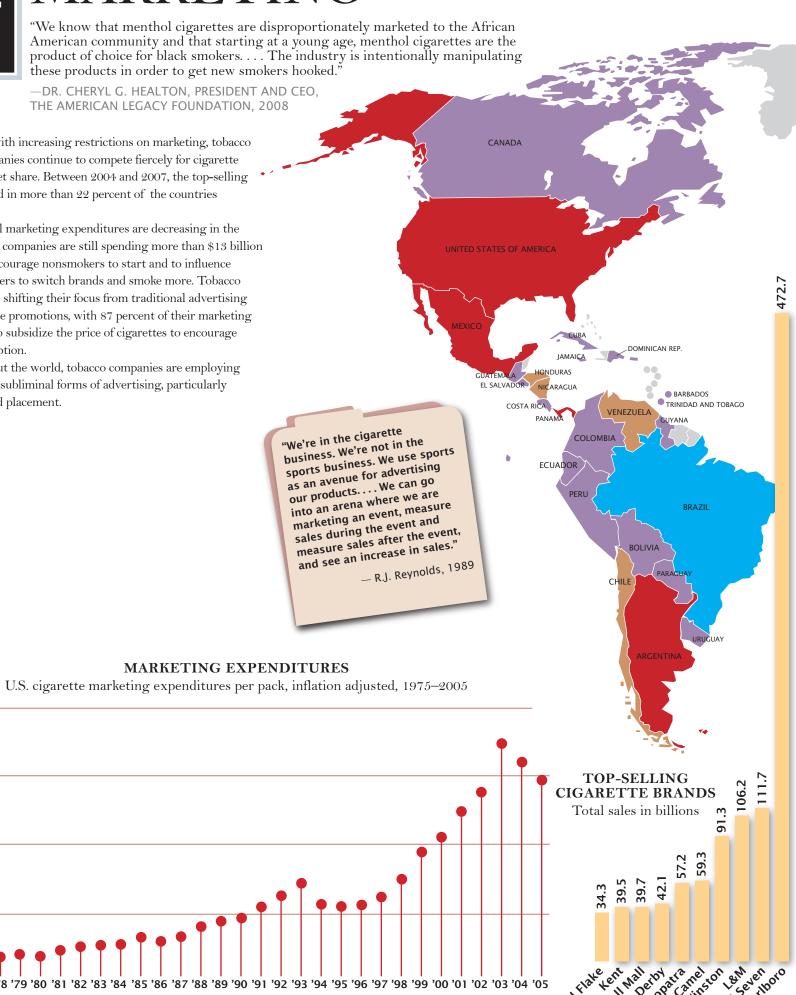
We know that menthol cigarettes are disproportionately marketed to the African American community and that starting at a young age, menthol cigarettes are the product of choice for black smokers. . . . The industry is intentionally manipulating these products in order to get new smokers hooked."

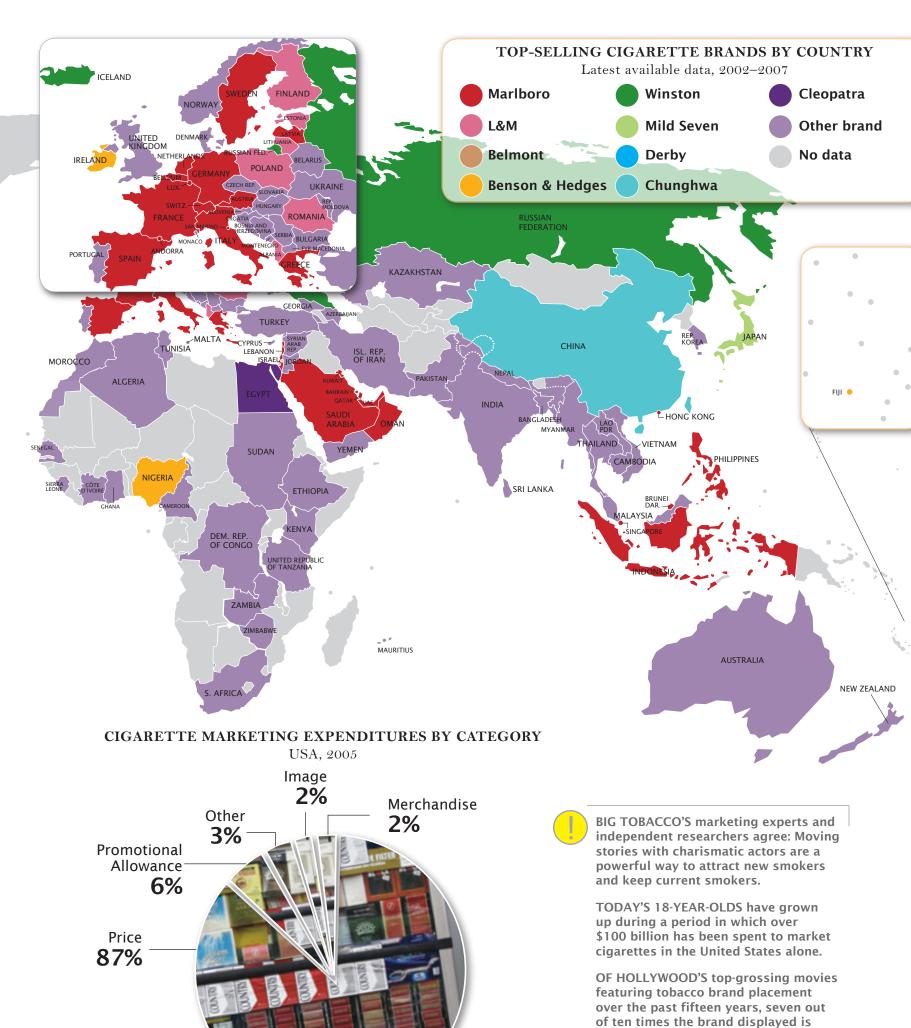
-DR. CHERYL G. HEALTON, PRESIDENT AND CEO, THE AMERICAN LEGACY FOUNDATION, 2008

ven with increasing restrictions on marketing, tobacco companies continue to compete fiercely for cigarette market share. Between 2004 and 2007, the top-selling brand changed in more than 22 percent of the countries

While total marketing expenditures are decreasing in the United States, companies are still spending more than \$13 billion per year to encourage nonsmokers to start and to influence existing smokers to switch brands and smoke more. Tobacco companies are shifting their focus from traditional advertising to point-of-sale promotions, with 87 percent of their marketing dollars used to subsidize the price of cigarettes to encourage more consumption.

Throughout the world, tobacco companies are employing deceptive and subliminal forms of advertising, particularly through brand placement.





58

1.00

.75

.50

.25

Marlboro. Studies show that brands showing up on screen most often are

also the most heavily advertised in

other media.