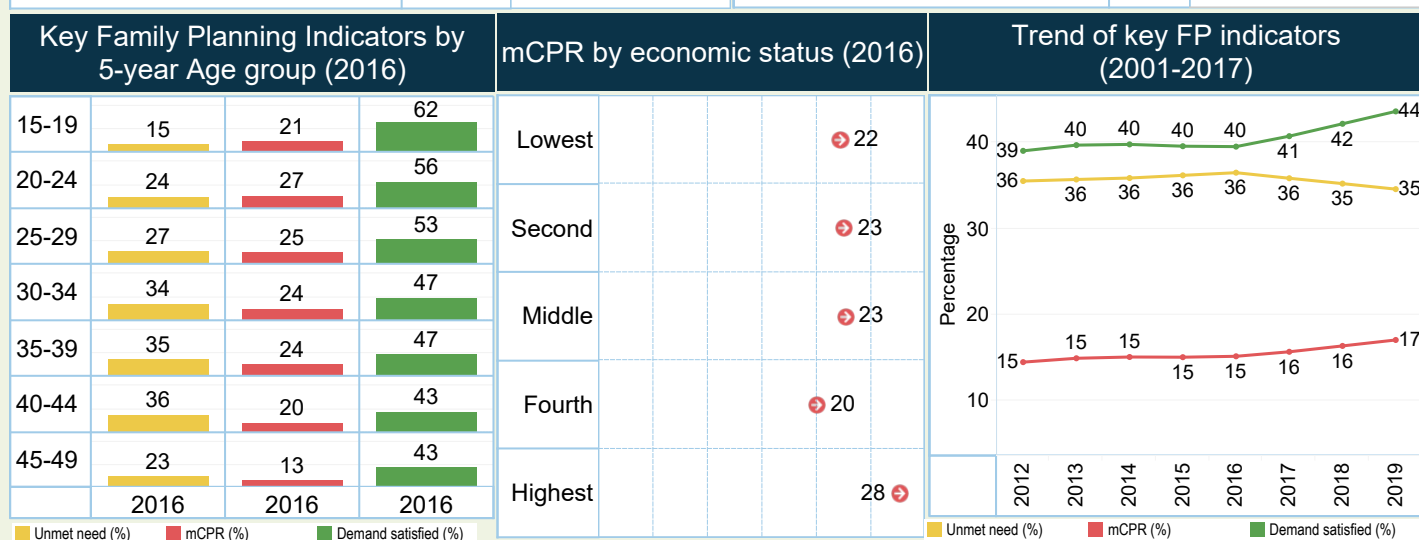




FAMILY PLANNING HEALTH PROFILE BURUNDI 2019



General statistics			Summary FP statistics		
Total population (000's)	2019	11,531	Demand satisfied (%)	2019	44
Total fertility rate (births per women)	2016	6	mCPR (%)	2019	17
Adolescent Birth Rate (births per 1000 adolescent females)	2015	58	Unintended pregnancies (000's)	2019	174
IMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2018	41	Unmet need (%)	2019	35
MMR (deaths per 1000 live births)	2017	548	Unsafe abortions averted (000's)	2019	38



mCPR by place of residence (2016)		Facilities stocked out by method (2018)		Facilities stocked out by method (2018)	
Urban	29%	Long-acting and permanent..	Implant	Long-acting and permanent methods	Sterilization
Rural	22%		IUD		Sterilization.
Availability of service delivery points (SDP) (None)		Short-term methods	Emergency ..	Short-term methods	Condoms
Primary SDPs with at least 3 modern methods	No Data		Injectable		Condoms.
Secondary/tertiary SDPs with at least 5 modern methods	No Data		Pill		

Definition of Indicators	References
<p>1. mCPR: % of women of reproductive age who are using (or whose partner is using) a modern contraceptive method at a particular point in time.</p> <p>2. unmet need: % of fecund women of reproductive age who want no more children or to postpone having the next child, but are not using a contraceptive method, plus women who are currently using a traditional method of family planning.</p> <p>3. demand satisfied: percentage of women (or their partners) who desire either to have no additional children or to postpone the next child and who are currently using a modern contraceptive method.</p> <p>4. Unintended pregnancies: Nb of pregnancies that occurred at a time when women (and their partners) either did not want additional children or wanted to delay the next birth.</p> <p>5. unsafe abortion: Nb of unsafe abortions that did not occur during a specified period as a result of the protection provided by modern contraceptive use during the reference period.</p> <p>6. Facilities stocked out: % of facilities stocked out of each type of contraceptive offered, on the day of assessment.</p> <p>7. Method availability: % of primary (resp. secondary/tertiary) service delivery points with at least 3 (resp. 5) modern methods of contraception available on day of assessment.</p> <p>8. Total fertility rate: Average nb of children a hypothetical cohort of women would have at the end of their reproductive period if they were subject during their whole lives to the fertility rates of a given period and if they were not subject to mortality.</p> <p>9. Adolescent birth rate (ABR): Nb of births to adolescent females, aged 15-19 occurring during a given reference period per 1,000 adolescent females.</p> <p>10. Maternal mortality ratio (MMR): Annual nb of female deaths from any cause related to or aggravated by pregnancy or its management per 100 000 live births.</p> <p>11. Infant mortality rate (IMR): probability of dying between birth and age 1 per 1000 live births.</p>	<p>Indicators 1 to 7 From FP20 2019 Progress Report, most recent national surveys (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys). At: http://progress.familyplanning2020.org/re-sources</p> <p>Indicator 8 MNAH Data Portal (UN population division: 2019 estimate)</p> <p>Indicator 9 WHO Global Observatory (DHS,PMA2020, MICS,RHS and other national surveys).</p> <p>Indicator 10 From UN Inter-agency Group for Mortality Estimation (MMEIG), 2016</p> <p>Indicator 11 From UN Inter-agency Group for Child Mortality (IGME), 2016</p>