



ETHIOPIA – ADDIS ABABA

Global Youth Tobacco Survey (GYTS)

Fact Sheet (Ages 13-15)



The Ethiopia - Addis Ababa GYTS includes data on prevalence of cigarette and other tobacco use as well as information on five determinants of tobacco use: access/availability and price, environmental tobacco smoke exposure (ETS), cessation, media and advertising, and school curriculum. These determinants are components Ethiopia -Addis Ababa could include in a comprehensive tobacco control program.

The Ethiopia - Addis Ababa GYTS was a school-based survey of students in grades 8 -10, 11 & 12 preparatory, and vocational years 1 & 2 conducted in 2003.

A two-stage cluster sample design was used to produce representative data for Ethiopia - Addis Ababa. At the first stage, schools were selected with probability proportional to enrollment size. At the second stage, classes were randomly selected and all students in selected classes were eligible to participate. The school response rate was 100%, the student response rate was 82.0%, and the overall response rate was 82.0%. A total of 979 students aged 13-15 participated in the Ethiopia - Addis Ababa GYTS.

Prevalence

- 7.6% of students had ever smoked cigarettes (Male = 10.8%, Female = 4.6%)
- 7.9% currently use any tobacco product (Male = 9.9%, Female = 4.9%)
- 1.9% currently smoke cigarettes (Male = 2.5%, Female = 0.7%)
- 6.6% currently use other tobacco products (Male = 8.4%, Female = 4.4%)
- 12.0% of never smokers are likely to initiate smoking next year

Environmental Tobacco Smoke

- 14.9% live in homes where others smoke in their presence
- 41.2% are around others who smoke in places outside their home
- 95.7% think smoking should be banned from public places
- 51.3% think smoke from others is harmful to them
- 8.8% have one or more parents who smoke
- 3.0% have most or all friends who smoke

School

- 59.8% had been taught in class, during the past year, about the dangers of smoking
- 23.9% had discussed in class, during the past year, reasons why people their age smoke
- 55.3% had been taught in class, during the past year, the effects of tobacco use

Knowledge and Attitudes

- 30.3% think boys and 24.6% think girls who smoke have more friends
- 18.6% think boys and 16.1% think girls who smoke look more attractive

Media and Advertising

- 72.5% saw anti-smoking media messages, in the past 30 days
- 52.0% saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards, in the past 30 days
- 47.4% saw pro-cigarette ads in newspapers or magazines, in the past 30 days
- 12.6% have an object with a cigarette brand logo

HIGHLIGHTS

- 7.9% of students currently use any form of tobacco; 1.9% currently smoke cigarettes; 6.6% currently use some other form of tobacco.
- ETS exposure is high – almost 2 in 7 students live in homes where others smoke in their presence; over 4 in 10 are exposed to smoke in public places; 8.8% have one or more parents who smoke.
- Over half of the students think smoke from others is harmful to them.
- Almost all students think smoking in public places should be banned.
- More than 7 in 10 students saw anti-smoking media messages in the past 30 days; while approximately half saw pro-cigarette ads on billboards and in newspapers & magazines in the past 30 days.